

Franchise Services of North America Inc.

August 27, 2010

Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This Management Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) was prepared as of August 27, 2010 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes as of and for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2010, as well as the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, all available on SEDAR, at www.sedar.com.

Business of the Company

Franchise Services of North America Inc. (“FSNA” or the “Company”), is a public company whose common shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol ‘FSN.’

In November 2006, the Company (formerly known as Rent-A-Wreck Capital Inc. (“RAWC”)) completed a business combination (the “Business Combination Transaction or BCT”) with U-Save Auto Rental of America, Inc. (“U-Save”), a privately held company based in Jackson, Mississippi. Consistent with the accounting guidelines for reverse take-over business combinations, the transaction was accounted for as an acquisition of the net assets of the Company by U-Save, which was deemed the acquirer for accounting purposes.

In January 2007, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, U-Save Financial Services, Inc., acquired certain assets of DRSN Holdings, LLC, an Arizona-based limited liability company (the “DRSN Acquisition”). These assets consisted of a full-service insurance agency with an established book of business across various product lines and customers throughout North America.

As a result of the Business Combination Transaction, the Company operates two principal subsidiaries, U-Save Auto Rental of America Inc. (“U-Save”) and Practicar Systems Inc. (“Practicar”). U-Save licenses franchises to operate U-Save Auto Rental and U-Save Car & Truck Rental businesses worldwide and offers to franchisees and independent car rental operators (“associates”) insurance products including liability and physical damage coverages on their rental fleet. U-Save also operates an association, Auto Rental Resource Center (“ARRC”). ARRC provides insurance discounts and products and services to its members who operate independent vehicle rental businesses. Practicar owns the Rent-A-Wreck trademark in Canada and operates the Rent-A-Wreck and Practicar car rental and sales franchise system in Canada. This report describes the business and financial results of the Company as of and for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2010.

Some of the risks, uncertainties and other factors affecting the Company are discussed in our public filings with the securities regulatory authorities in Canada. Copies of the Company’s Canadian filings, including our most recent management information circular, annual financial

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statements, material change reports, unaudited quarterly financial statements and news releases, are available online at www.sedar.com.

Currency

All amounts in this MD&A are expressed in U. S. dollars unless specified otherwise.

Financial Statements and Basis of Presentation

The Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2010 have been prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP. The Consolidated Balance Sheets include all the assets and liabilities of all the subsidiaries of the Company including Practicar and U-Save, as of June 30, 2010 and September 30, 2009. The Consolidated Statements of Operations and Accumulated Deficit, Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows include operations for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. Additional information on the Company can be obtained on SEDAR (www.sedar.com) under the Company's listing, Franchise Services of North America Inc.

Selected Financial Information

The following financial information is derived from the Company's audited Consolidated Financial Statements for each of the three most recently completed fiscal years, and the current unaudited period:

Selected Annual Information	Nine Months ended June 30, 2010 unaudited US \$	12 Months ended September 30, 2009 audited US \$	12 Months ended September 30, 2008 audited US \$ (Restated)	13 Months ended September 30, 2007 audited US \$
Total revenues	\$ 11,754,720	\$ 14,743,616	\$ 16,019,600	\$ 18,951,544
Net income (loss) before discontinued operations	\$ (1,016,250)	\$ (6,866,994)	\$ 110,806	\$ 489,738
per share - basic	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.11)	\$ -	\$ 0.01
per share - diluted	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.11)	\$ -	\$ 0.01
Net income (loss) after discontinued operations	\$ (1,016,250)	\$ (6,866,994)	\$ 110,806	\$ 489,738
per share - basic	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.11)	\$ -	\$ 0.01
per share - diluted	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.11)	\$ -	\$ 0.01
Total assets	\$ 14,567,567	\$ 16,198,938	\$ 23,586,139	\$ 24,247,897
Total long-term financial liabilities	\$ nil	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 3,457,908	\$ 3,709,377
Cash dividends declared per share	\$ nil	\$ nil	\$ nil	\$ nil

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Note: The years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 reflect 12 months activity of the consolidated entity. The year ended September 30, 2007 reflects 13 months activity of U-Save and only 10 months of the Canadian operations as the BCT transaction was completed on November 30, 2006. Additional information concerning the transaction and subsequent information can be obtained on SEDAR (www.sedar.com) under the Company's listing, Franchise Services of North America Inc.

The following table reports the selected financial information of the Company by geographic jurisdictions. Management has determined that the Company operates in one dominant industry segment, the auto rental segment, in multiple jurisdictions, which involves (i) licensing to franchisees to operate an auto rental business under Company-owned brands and (ii) providing franchisees, independent auto rental operators and other related auto rental operations with financial services related to insurance products.

Segmented Information	Three Months ended June 30, 2010			Three Months ended June 30, 2009		
	unaudited			unaudited		
	USA US \$	Canada US \$	Total US \$	USA US \$	Canada US \$	Total US \$
Total revenues	\$ 3,796,402	\$ 229,237	\$ 4,025,639	\$ 3,498,034	\$ 169,876	\$ 3,667,910
Expenses	3,889,854	331,953	4,221,807	3,622,431	208,722	3,831,153
Income (loss) before income taxes	(93,452)	(102,716)	(196,168)	(124,397)	(38,846)	(163,243)
Income tax benefit	(4,329)	-	(4,329)	(33,420)	(19,439)	(52,859)
Net income (loss)	\$ (89,123)	\$ (102,716)	\$ (191,839)	\$ (90,977)	\$ (19,407)	\$ (110,384)
Property, plant and equipment expenditures	\$ 19,182	\$ 1,646	\$ 20,828	\$ 1,578	\$ -	\$ 1,578

Segmented Information	Nine months ended June 30, 2010			Nine months ended June 30, 2009		
	unaudited			unaudited		
	USA US \$	Canada US \$	Total US \$	USA US \$	Canada US \$	Total US \$
Total revenues	\$ 11,024,657	\$ 730,063	\$ 11,754,720	\$ 10,090,927	\$ 394,184	\$ 10,485,111
Expenses	11,315,642	1,465,854	12,781,496	10,298,634	638,364	10,936,998
Loss before income taxes	(290,985)	(735,791)	(1,026,776)	(207,707)	(244,180)	(451,887)
Income tax benefit	(10,526)	-	(10,526)	(52,736)	(84,539)	(137,275)
Net loss	\$ (280,459)	\$ (735,791)	\$ (1,016,250)	\$ (154,971)	\$ (159,641)	\$ (314,612)
Property, plant and equipment expenditures	\$ 35,767	\$ 1,646	\$ 37,413	\$ 35,641	\$ -	\$ 35,641
Total assets	\$ 7,004,235	\$ 7,563,332	\$ 14,567,567	\$ 14,501,512	\$ 8,315,563	\$ 22,817,075
Total long-term financial liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,470,558	\$ 14,623	\$ 3,485,181

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Operations

For the three months ended June 30, 2010, the Company reported a net loss from operations of \$191,839 as compared to a net loss of \$110,384 for the quarter ended June 30, 2009. The increase in net loss is attributable to a 10% increase in total expenses and a 92% decrease in income tax benefit offset by a 10% increase in total revenue, as discussed below.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2010, the Company reported a net loss from operations of \$1,016,250 as compared to a net loss of \$314,612 for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. The increase in net loss is attributable to 17% increase in total expenses and a 92% decrease in income tax benefit offset by a 12% increase in total revenue, as discussed below.

For the three months ended June 30, 2010, the Company's US Operations reported a net loss from operations of \$89,123 as compared to a net loss of \$90,977 for the quarter ended June 30, 2009. The decrease is attributable to a 7% increase in total expenses and 92% decrease in income tax benefit offset by a 9% increase in total revenue, as discussed below.

For the three months ended June 30, 2010, the Company's Canadian Operations reported a net loss from operations of \$102,716 as compared to a net loss of \$19,407 for the quarter ended June 30, 2009. The increase in net loss is attributable to a 59% increase in total expenses and a 100% decrease in income tax recovery offset by a 35% increase in total revenue, as discussed below.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2010, the Company's US Operations reported a net loss from operations of \$280,459 as compared to a net loss of \$154,971 for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. The increase in net loss is attributable to a 10% increase in total expenses and an 80% reduction in income tax benefit, offset by a 9% increase in revenue, as discussed below.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2010, the Company's Canadian Operations reported a net loss from operations of \$735,791 as compared to a net loss of \$159,641 for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. The increase in net loss is attributable to a 130% increase in total expenses and a 100% decrease in income tax benefit offset, by an 85% increase in total revenue, as discussed below.

Revenue

Total revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$4,025,639 compared to \$3,667,910 for the three months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$357,729 or 10%. This increase is mainly due to an increase in franchise sales activity and an increase in the number of cars being insured by the franchisees and associate members.

Total revenue for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$11,754,720 compared to \$10,485,111 for the nine months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$1,269,609 or 12%.

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This increase is mainly due to an increase in franchise sales activity and an increase in the number of cars being insured by the franchisees and associate members.

Total revenue for the Company's US Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$3,796,402 compared to \$3,498,034 for the three months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$298,368 or 9%. This increase is mainly due to an increase in franchise sales activity and an increase in the number of cars being insured by the franchisees and associate members.

Total revenue for the Company's Canadian Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$229,237 compared to \$169,876 for the three months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$59,361 or 35%. This increase is mainly due to an increase in franchise sales activity, insurance revenue and higher royalty income in the quarter.

Total revenue for the Company's US Operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$11,024,657 compared to \$10,090,927 for the nine months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$933,730 or 9%. This increase is mainly due to an increase in franchise sales activity and an increase in the number of cars being insured by the franchisees and associate members.

Total revenue for the Company's Canadian Operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$730,063 compared to \$394,184 for the nine months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$335,879 or 85%. This increase is mainly due to an increase in franchise sales activity, insurance revenue and higher royalty income.

Expenses

Total expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2010 were \$4,221,807 compared to \$3,831,153 for the three months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$390,654 or 10%. Insurance operating costs increased \$709,628 or 105% due to an increase in the number of cars insured through first dollar rather than self insured fund programs. Claims expense increased \$270,153 or 34%. Insurance underwriting expenses decreased \$233,530 or 54%. General and administration expenses decreased \$202,050 or 36% due to a recovery of previously expensed legal fees of \$132,000 during the quarter ended June 30, 2010.

Total expenses for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 were \$12,781,496 compared to \$10,936,998 for the nine months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$1,844,498 or 17%. Insurance operating costs increased \$1,916,161 or 106% due to an increase in the number of cars insured through first dollar rather than self insured fund programs. Claims expense increased \$1,038,786 or 48% due to increased claims activity and higher claims reserves, as set by our insurance carriers. Insurance underwriting expenses decreased \$556,719 or 45%. General and administration expenses decreased \$239,574 or 14% due to a recovery of previously expensed legal fees of \$132,000 during the quarter ended June 30, 2010.

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Total expenses for the Company's US Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2010 were \$3,889,854 compared to \$3,622,431 for the three months ended June 30, 2009 an increase of \$267,423 or 7%. Claims expense increased \$179,045 or 22%, due to increased claims. Insurance operating costs increased \$709,628 or 105% and insurance underwriting expenses decreased \$233,530 or 54% due to an increase in the number of cars insured through first dollar rather than self-insured fund programs.

Total expenses for the Company's Canadian Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2010 were \$331,953 compared to \$208,722 for the three months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$123,231 or 59%. The increase was due primarily to increased claims expense from increased reserves in the Company's Canadian insurance program.

Total expenses for the Company's US Operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 were \$11,315,642 compared to \$10,298,634 for the nine months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$1,017,008 or 10%. Claims expense increased \$433,706 or 20%, due to increased claims activity and higher claims reserves as set by our insurance carriers. Insurance operating costs increased \$1,916,161 or 106% and insurance underwriting expenses decreased \$556,719 or 45% due to an increase in the number of cars insured through first dollar rather than self-insured fund programs. Franchise operating expenses decreased \$386,250 or 11% due to lower costs in the Company's reservations system.

Total expenses for the Company's Canadian Operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 were \$1,465,854 compared to \$638,364 for the nine months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$827,490 or 130%. The increase was due to increased claims expense from increased reserves in the Company's Canadian insurance program. While the Company's Canadian insurance program has experienced increased claims and reserves during the current fiscal year, the Company's future losses in this program are limited to \$58,000, after which the Company will have satisfied its deductible under the stop-loss policy for the Canadian insurance program.

Quarterly Results

The following financial information is derived from the Company's unaudited quarterly consolidated financial statements for each of the eleven most recently completed quarterly periods. Certain amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation. The previously reported quarters of the Company information can be obtained on SEDAR (www.sedar.com) under the current Company's listing.

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Quarters Ending unaudited	Insurance Premiums and Related Fees US \$	Total Revenues US \$	Net Income (Loss)		
			US \$	Per Share	
				Basic US \$	Diluted US \$
Fiscal Year Ended September 2010					
Q3, June 30, 2010	3,075,105	4,025,639	(191,839)	0.00	0.00
Q2, March 31, 2010	2,899,727	3,938,903	(180,768)	0.00	0.00
Q1, December 31, 2009	2,671,957	3,790,178	(643,643)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Fiscal Year Ended September 2009					
Q4, September 30, 2009	2,965,687	4,258,505	(6,552,382)	(0.11)	(0.11)
Q3, June 30, 2009	2,646,352	3,667,910	(110,384)	0.00	0.00
Q2, March 31, 2009	2,352,080	3,417,459	(212,901)	0.00	0.00
Q1, December 31, 2008	2,542,358	3,399,742	8,673	0.00	0.00
Fiscal Year Ended September 2008					
Q4, September 30, 2008	2,977,767	4,169,522	(147,265)	0.00	0.00
Q3, June 30, 2008	2,781,880	3,745,377	(15,567)	0.00	0.00
Q2, March 31, 2008	2,755,519	3,889,927	(5,715)	0.00	0.00
Q1, December 31, 2007	3,061,722	4,214,774	279,353	0.00	0.00

The royalty revenue trend for the Company's vehicle rentals and sales is greatly influenced by the tourism cycle; consequently, the summer quarter ending in September, the (4th) quarter of our fiscal year, traditionally generates the highest levels of revenue, followed by the spring (3rd) quarter ending in June, then the fall (1st) quarter ending in December, which includes the Christmas holiday season and finally, the winter (2nd) quarter which is usually the lowest in both tourism and car sales. Although tourism is a significant part of the rental revenue, the system also caters to the local rental markets and vehicle replacement market. These markets do not necessarily follow the same cycle patterns as tourism; for example, the vehicle replacement market is typically stronger during the winter months. However, these traditional patterns are less likely to be followed as the economy and overall travel patterns have softened under recessionary pressures.

The insurance premiums reported are a function of the number of cars insured by the underlying franchisees. The seasonality aspects that are attributed above to the tourism cycle also greatly influence the number of vehicles a franchisee will operate and make available for rent. Additionally, as the number of airport locations increase based upon a successful opening of a new location, these airport locations tend to rent a greater number of vehicles than a local market store, thus as each airport location is opened, if the Company also provides that new location with vehicle liability insurance for its fleet, the overall car count of insured vehicles will increase thereby having a positive effect on this revenue stream.

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The total revenue in each quarter is impacted by the franchise fee revenue resulting from the granting of new franchises. Franchise fee revenues do not follow a particular pattern and accordingly may have a significant impact in any given quarter.

The total expense levels are generally uniform during the year. However, the Company's claims expense from its insurance programs is susceptible to significant change in any given quarter.

The Company's royalty revenue stream and insurance premiums are greatly influenced by the performance of the underlying franchisees. This can be affected in either a positive or negative manner based upon current trends in the car rental industry.

Rental rates charged by franchisees affect the amount of royalty paid from a significant number of franchisees that incur fees based upon a percentage of rental revenue. As pricing fluctuates in the market for the rental fees charged by car rental operators, this can vary the amount of royalty earned by the Company. Competition, air fares, availability of cars, the cost of gasoline, as well as general economic conditions can all have an influence on both the price and demand for rental car activity. The Company aggressively develops its internet marketing strategy to drive reservations to the franchisees. As the number of distribution channels made available to the franchisees increases, consumers will have the opportunity to reserve vehicles from the underlying franchisees from a greater number of distribution points, which in turn increases the ability to gain new customers from which rental revenue will be derived. The growth in rental revenue of the franchisees will, in turn, generate higher royalty payments.

Franchise sales can vary significantly from period to period. The results of one reporting period are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected in subsequent periods.

Insurance premiums are affected based upon the number of cars the underlying franchisees operate in their fleet on a monthly basis. In addition to the seasonality aspect of the business mentioned above, competition, pricing, the change in the mix of repurchase vehicles available from car manufacturers and the number of risk vehicles the franchisee buys, and general economic conditions all affect the franchisee's decision as to the proper number of vehicles to maintain in his fleet on a monthly basis. Premiums are paid on a per car basis and the premiums paid by the franchisees and the underlying margin are a function of fleet size.

Whereas the car rental industry has shown steady growth over the last several years, the continued economic downturn could impact overall car rental demand, which in turn could impact both the rates charged in the car rental industry and the overall number of cars available for rent.

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Contingent Liabilities

The Company is periodically involved in legal actions and automobile accident claims that arise as a result of events occurring in the normal course of operations. In the regular course of business, the Company evaluates estimated losses or costs related to litigation and provision is made for anticipated losses whenever the Company believes that such losses are probable and can be reasonably estimated.

In January 2007, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, U-Save Financial Services, Inc., acquired certain assets of DRSN Holdings, LLC, an Arizona-based limited liability company. The initial purchase price, which totaled \$1,191,214, was paid with cash funded by a major shareholder. In addition, the agreement called for two subsequent contingent payments of \$188,150 payable on or about January 15, 2008 and 2009, which can be adjusted based on the amount of revenue retained in relation to specified baseline revenue. Any additional consideration paid will be reflected in goodwill.

The contingent consideration noted above was excluded from the initial purchase price allocation. Under Canadian GAAP, if the contingency can be determined beyond a reasonable doubt, it should be recognized as part of the cost of the purchase. When it cannot be reasonably estimated or the outcome cannot be recognizably determined beyond a reasonable doubt, details of the contingency should be disclosed. It is the opinion of management that the outcome cannot be reasonably determined until the contingency is resolved (based on each measurement date) and the consideration is issued or becomes issuable. The consideration, if any is due, is a function of the successful retention of the baseline revenue as established in the agreement. Thus, the fair value of the consideration issued or issuable will be recognized as an additional cost of the purchase when the contingency is resolved. For these reasons, and in line with the guidance, any future contingent consideration paid on or about the anniversary dates of January 15, 2008 and 2009 will be recorded as part of the purchase price and allocated to goodwill. An initial contingent payment of \$188,150 was made in February 2008. As of the date of this report, the amount (if any) to be paid as the final consideration has not yet been determined.

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Financial Position

The following outlines significant changes in the consolidated balance sheet from September 30, 2009 to June 30, 2010

	Inc (Dec)	
	(000s)	Explanation of change
Cash and cash equivalents	(217)	Refer to Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	(409)	Decrease in normal course
Accounts receivable	(71)	Decrease in normal course
Related party notes receivable (current and long term)	(914)	Offset of related party note payable against note receivable
Other notes receivable (current and long term)	17	Increase in normal course
Goodwill & other intangibles, net	(86)	Amortization of intangibles
Prepaid expenses	77	Increase in normal course
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	51	Timing of operational payments
Insurance loss reserves	263	Higher reserves based on experience
Related party notes payable (current and long term)	(958)	Offset of related party note payable against note receivable
Shareholders' equity	(972)	Consistent with current period comprehensive loss

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Statement of Cash Flows

Three months ended June 30 (000s)	2010	2009	Explanation of change
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	\$ 1,732	\$ 1,132	Refer to Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow.
Provided by (used in):			
Operating Activities	(107)	215	In 2010, cash outflows resulted from cash loss of \$121 and an increase in non-cash working capital. In 2009, cash inflows resulted from cash loss of \$48 and an increase in non-cash working capital.
Investing Activities	80	(56)	In 2010, cash inflows were attributable to the change in restricted cash balances of \$107 offset by capital expenditures. In 2009, cash outflows were primarily attributable to the increase in restricted cash balances of \$64 offset by collections on notes of \$10.
Financing Activities	-	(44)	In 2009, cash outflows were primarily attributable to repayment of notes payable of \$44.
Effect of exchange rate on cash	(4)	17	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,701	\$ 1,264	

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's working capital decreased to a negative \$1,541,792 at June 30, 2010 from \$764,229 at September 30, 2009 primarily due a \$1,541,809 increase in notes payable. This increase in current notes payable results from the required current classification of the Company's \$2.5 million credit facility which matures in December 2010. The Company also experienced an increase in insurance loss reserves of \$262,722 during the period.

The Company does not anticipate significant cash requirements for capital asset acquisitions during fiscal year 2010 and expects that these requirements will be met through operating cash flow and working capital. In December 2008, the Company renewed its existing \$1.5 million and \$1.0 million working capital facilities into a new \$2.5 million facility that matures in December 2010. The Company continues to explore alternative sources of working capital.

Effective February 1, 2010, the Co-Chief Executive Officers of the Company agreed to restructure certain notes payable to and receivable from the Company. One Co-Chief Executive Officer, with a note payable to the Company of \$114,000, signed a new note payable to the Company with a 10 year term, annual principal payments of \$10,000, interest payable quarterly at prime plus 2% (currently 5.25%), with the balance due at maturity. The other Co-Chief Executive Officer agreed to combine two notes payable to the Company with a combined

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balance of \$2,678,789 and offset a note payable by the Company to the Co-Chief Executive Officer with a balance of \$896,434 at February 1, 2010, into a new note payable to the Company of \$1,782,355 with a 10 year term, annual principal payments of \$150,000, interest payable quarterly at prime plus 2% (currently 5.25%), with the balance due at maturity. These transactions will positively impact the Company's cash flow in future periods through the elimination of monthly debt service on approximately \$900,000 of notes payable and through the realization of quarterly interest payments and annual principal payments on the restructured notes receivable.

The Company does not have any off balance sheet arrangements.

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Related Party Notes Receivable

	June 30, 2010	September 30, 2009
<p>Prior to the Business Combination Transaction with RAWC this balance existed on the books of Holdings as indebtedness to U-Save. This balance arose from the original acquisition of U-Save by a major shareholder and Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The balance is comprised of payments made by U-Save on behalf of the shareholder/Holdings in respect of loans incurred by Holdings to acquire U-Save. On consolidation, the receivable owing from Holdings to U-Save was eliminated. This note was restructured, effective February 1, 2010, into a new note with a face amount of \$1,782,355 – see below.</p>	\$ -	\$ 2,423,823
<p>This balance originated from certain accounts receivable (insurance, royalties, reservation fees) of a former franchisee of which a Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company was formerly a co-owner. This note was restructured, effective February 1, 2010. The new note is unsecured, bears interest at prime+2% (currently 5.25%) payable quarterly, with annual principal payments of \$10,000. The note matures in 2020.</p>	114,000	125,375
<p>This balance originated from interest payments paid or payable by U-Save on behalf of the Co-Chief Executive Officers on related loans incurred to acquire common shares of U-Save through ownership in Holdings. Holdings is required to reimburse U-Save for payments made in this regard. This balance is non-interest bearing and is unsecured, and has been classified as non-current based on management's estimate of when the balance will be collected. A portion of the balance attributable to one of the Company's Co-Chief Executive Officers (\$255,298) was fully reserved in September 2009 after consideration of the financial strength of the borrower and the unsecured nature of the note. Effective February 1, 2010, the portion of this balance that had not been previously reserved was restructured into a new note with a face amount of \$1,782,355 – see below.</p>	255,298	510,264
<p>This note originated February 1, 2010, as a restructuring of certain amounts due from and payable to a Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The note is unsecured, bears interest at prime+2% (currently 5.25%) payable quarterly, with annual principal payments of \$150,000. The note matures in 2020.</p>	1,782,355	-
Subtotal	\$ 2,151,653	\$ 3,059,462

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Related Party Notes Receivable, Continued

	June 30, 2010	September 30, 2009
Balance brought forward	\$ 2,151,653	\$ 3,059,462
Note receivable from a franchisee in which one of the Company's Co-Chief Executive Officers has a non-controlling financial interest. Note originated in December 2008 reconstituting certain outstanding accounts receivable of \$723,404 and existing notes receivable of \$284,419, totalling \$1,007,823. The note required a \$37,500 down payment that was received in January 2009. The note bears interest at 6%, requires interest only payments in the first year and graduated principal and interest payments thereafter, with a final maturity in 2014. The Company has fully reserved this note after consideration of the financial strength of the borrower and the value of the underlying collateral pledged as security for the note.	969,586	980,050
Note receivable from an executive officer of the Company. This note originated in May 2000, is non-interest bearing and is unsecured. The note matures in 2010 and allows \$30,000 of the note to be forgiven if the balance is paid in full. During the year ended September 30, 2009, the Company fully reserved this note after considering the likelihood that the note will ultimately be repaid.	80,000	80,000
Note receivable from an executive officer of the Company. This note originated at \$50,000 in 2007, bears interest at 6% and is unsecured. The note matures in 2012 and \$12,500 of the note is forgiven on an annual basis so long as the executive officer remains an employee of the Company.	25,000	25,000
Allowance for notes deemed uncollectible:	(1,311,134)	(1,315,348)
Total	\$ 1,915,105	\$ 2,829,164

Effective December 31, 2008, the Company entered into an arrangement with a franchisee of which a major shareholder and officer of the Company is a co-owner. The Company issued a secured note to the franchisee reconstituting certain outstanding accounts receivable of \$723,404 and notes receivable of \$284,419, totaling \$1,007,823. After consideration of a \$37,500 down payment received in January 2009, the Company issued a five year note in the amount of \$970,323 bearing an interest rate of 6%. The note calls for interest only payments the first year, followed by graduated principal and interest payments of \$7,500, \$9,000, \$10,500 and \$12,000 in years 2-5 respectively, with a balloon payment of \$723,754 at the end of the term. The executed note agreement and a separate security agreement were both signed on behalf of the franchise and individually by the independent co-owner of the franchise. The note matures January 1, 2014. The previous separate notes that were combined as part of the new note were cancelled contemporaneously with the execution of this note.

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Prior to entering this arrangement, the Company considered a number of factors including, but not limited to, the strength of the related party relationship, the strategic nature and importance of the franchisee operating in one of the North America's largest leisure markets, the value of the franchise to the system and cross leveraging across the system, the experience of management and operations personnel, the uniqueness of the franchise in its market area with a new state of the art facility and parking garage opening in March 2009, and the efficiencies achieved by the franchise in the last year to position itself to take better advantage in the market relative to its competition. The Company also reviewed the financial statements of the franchisee, its financial plan and projections for the coming year and its business plan. Credit risk as described in Note 18 to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements is one of the principal risk exposures of the Company. The Company assesses each account for impairment on a case by case basis considering these and other factors at the end of each reporting period. The Company has fully reserved this note after consideration of the financial strength of the borrower and the value of the underlying collateral pledged as security for the note.

During the year ended September 30, 2009, the Company recorded a provision for losses on impaired notes receivable of \$1,297,848. Of this amount, \$255,298 is attributable to outstanding notes due from a Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company, \$980,050 is attributable to a note due from a franchisee in which one of the Company's Co-Chief Executive Officers has a financial interest, and \$62,500 is attributable to forgiveness of notes due from certain Executive Officers of the Company as required under their employment agreements with the Company.

Effective February 1, 2010, the Company's Co-Chief Executive Officers agreed to restructure certain notes payable to and receivable from the Company. The restructuring of these notes and the related terms and conditions were approved at the Company's Annual General Meeting on March 31, 2010. The notes require annual principal payments and quarterly interest payments. One of the Company's Co-Chief Executive Officers agreed to combine a non-interest bearing note with a principal balance of \$2,423,823, an other non-interest bearing receivable of \$254,966, and offset a note payable due to that Co-Chief Executive Officer with a principal balance of \$896,434 resulting in a new note with a net principal balance due from the Co-Chief Executive Officer of \$1,782,355.

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Related Party Notes Payable

	June 30, 2010	September 30, 2009
In January 2007, the Company, through a wholly owned subsidiary, acquired an insurance agency. The initial purchase price of \$1,191,214 was funded by a major shareholder and officer of the Company. In this regard, the Company entered into an unsecured note payable to the major shareholder with monthly interest-only payments of 8.25% per annum. In May 2008, the note was amended to an interest rate of 7% per annum with monthly principal and interest payments of \$19,850. The note matures May 2010. Effective February 1, 2010, this note was restructured. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" above.	\$ -	\$ 958,191

Other Related Party Transactions

Members of the Company's Board of Directors, who are also officers and significant shareholders of the Company, have investments in certain vehicle rental operations and transportation companies which have transactions with the Company. Transactions include insurance, reservation and royalty payments that were provided in the normal course of business and recorded at the exchange amount. The Company also leases vehicles for two officers of the Company from a franchisee in which one of the officers (who is also a significant shareholder and member of the Company's Board of Directors) has a non-controlling financial interest.

The Company recorded revenues and expenses related to these transactions as follows:

	Three months ended June 30, 2010	Three months ended June 30, 2009
Continuing franchise and related fees	\$ 65,642	\$ 80,839
Insurance premiums and related fees	\$ 47,446	\$ 55,968
Interest expense	\$ -	\$ 15,098
Vehicle leases	\$ 11,070	\$ -

At June 30, 2010 and September 30, 2009, related party accounts receivable totaled \$90,401 and \$73,456, respectively.

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Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2010 and September 30, 2009 consist of all cash and cash equivalents, accounts and notes receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and notes payable.

The fair value of all short-term financial instruments approximates their carrying amounts. The fair value of notes payable and capital lease obligations approximates their carrying values. The Company's notes receivable and notes payable are discussed in greater detail under the captions of *Related Party Notes Receivables*; *Related Party Notes Payable*; and *Other Related Party Transactions* of this document.

The Company deposits funds with its insurance carriers, in a restricted account, to pay claims and other expenses within its deductible programs. Reference is hereby made to Note 2 and Note 4 to Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2010 for a more detailed explanation of the insurance programs and related restricted cash and cash equivalents.

The majority of the Company's accounts receivable are with franchisees and subject to normal industry credit risk which is considered moderate to high. Management reviewed the accounts receivable as at the date of balance sheet and the Company provided for all the amounts considered uncollectible. Reference is hereby made to Note 17 of the Company's audited Consolidated Financial Statements in regards to the Company's principal financial risk of Credit Risk.

Going Concern

The CICA amended Handbook Section 1400, "General Standards of Financial Presentation" to include requirements to assess and disclose an entity's ability to continue as a going concern. The new requirements are effective for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, and the Company adopted this standard effective October 1, 2008. The adoption of this standard had no impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

Credit Risk and the Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Effective October 1, 2008, the Company adopted Emerging Issues Committee Abstract 173 "Credit Risk and the Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" ("EIC 173"). EIC 173 requires an entity's own credit risk and the credit risk of the counterparty to be taken into account in determining the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, including derivative instruments. The Company has determined that this change had no material effect on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Impaired Loans

CICA Handbook Section 3025, Impaired Loans, has been amended to conform the definition of a loan to that in amended Section 3855 and to include held-to-maturity investments within the scope of this Section. These amendments are effective for the Company for its annual financial statements beginning on October 1, 2009. The Company determined that this change had no material effect on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Future Accounting Changes

Comprehensive Revaluation of Assets and Liabilities

CICA Handbook Section 1625, Comprehensive Revaluation of Assets and Liabilities, has been amended as a result of issuing Sections 1582, 1601 and 1602. The amendments are effective for the Company for its interim and annual financial statements beginning on October 1, 2011. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the adoption of these changes on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Equity

CICA Handbook Section 3251, Equity, has been amended as a result of issuing Section 1602 to require disclosure of non-controlling interests in equity. This amendment is effective for the Company for its interim and annual financial statements beginning on October 1, 2011. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the adoption of this change on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement

CICA Handbook Section 3855, Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement, has been amended to change the categories into which a debt instrument is required or permitted to be classified, change the impairment model for held-to-maturity financial assets to the incurred credit loss model in Section 3025 and require reversal of previously recognized impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets in specified circumstances. These changes are effective for the Company for its annual financial statements beginning on October 1, 2009. Also, Section 3855 has been amended to clarify the application of the effective interest method after a debt instrument has been impaired and when an embedded prepayment option is separated from its host debt instrument for accounting purposes. These changes are effective for the Company for its interim and annual financial statements beginning on October 1, 2011. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the adoption of these changes on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Financial Instruments – Disclosures

CICA Handbook Section 3862, Financial Instruments – Disclosures, has been amended to include additional disclosure requirements about fair value measurements of financial instruments and to enhance liquidity risk disclosure. These changes are effective for the Company for its annual financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2010. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the adoption of the changes on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Business Combinations

CICA Handbook Section 1582, Business Combinations, which replaces Handbook Section 1581, Business Combinations, establishes standards for the accounting for a business combination. It is the Canadian equivalent to International Financial Reporting Standard IFRS 3, Business Combinations. This standard is effective for the Company for interim and annual financial statements beginning on October 1, 2011. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the adoption of this change on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Financial Statements and Non-Controlling Interests

CICA Handbook Section 1601, Consolidated Financial Statements and Handbook Section 1602, Non-controlling Interests replace CICA HB Section 1600, Consolidated Financial Statements. Handbook Section 1601 establishes standards for the preparation of consolidated financial statements. Handbook Section 1602 establishes standards for accounting for a non-controlling interest in a subsidiary in consolidated financial statements subsequent to a business combination. Handbook Section 1602 is equivalent to the corresponding provisions of International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 27, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements. These standards are effective for the Company for interim and annual financial statements beginning on October 1, 2011. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the adoption of these changes on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The CICA plans to converge Canadian GAAP for public companies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) effective January 1, 2011. The Company will transition to IFRS on October 1, 2011. The Company is assessing the impact on accounting policies, data systems, internal controls over financial reporting, and business activities during the period leading up to the transition date. As the review of accounting policies is completed, appropriate changes to ensure the integrity of internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures will be made. For example, any changes in accounting policies could result in additional controls or procedures being required to address reporting of first time adoption as well as ongoing IFRS requirements. The Company anticipates using a combination of in-house resources and external advisors to assist with the transition to IFRS, with the training of key finance personnel scheduled for the second half of calendar 2010. The Company will also ensure

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that its key stakeholders are informed about the anticipated effects of the IFRS transition.

Outstanding Share Data

Authorized

Unlimited common shares, without par value

Unlimited preferred shares, without par value

Issued

June 30, 2010 62,820,426 common shares

August 27, 2010 62,820,426 common shares

Stock options

Stock options outstanding:

	Options	Exercise Price Range CDN \$
June 30, 2010	9,449,942	\$0.10 to \$0.85
August 27, 2010	9,444,942	\$0.10 to \$0.85

During the three months ended June 30, 2010, no options expired and no options were forfeited. No options or shares were issued by the Company between June 30, 2010 and the date of this filing. Between June 30, 2010 and the date of this filing, 5,000 options were forfeited and no options expired.

Forward Looking Information

Certain information set out in the MD&A constitutes forward-looking information, including information respecting:

- (i) Traditional trends for vehicle rentals and sales, local rental and vehicle replacement markets are less likely to be followed in the near future as the economy and overall travel patterns have softened (as set out in "Quarterly Results," page 7)
- (ii) Forecasted increased rentals as new airport locations are opened vs. local markets and where the Company provides new airport franchisees with fleet liability coverage (as set out in "Quarterly Results," page 7);

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- (iii) The growth in rental revenue that will generate higher royalty payments as distribution channels are made available and the efficiency of such channels, provide more reservation opportunities (as set out in “Quarterly Results,” page 8);
- (iv) Historical steady growth could be impacted by continued economic downturn, impacting rental demand, rates and car availability (as set out in “Quarterly Results,” page 8); and
- (v) The Company is not anticipating significant cash requirements for capital asset acquisitions during fiscal year 2010 and expects that these requirements will be met through operating cash flow and working capital. Additionally, maturities of the Company’s working capital notes due December 31, 2008 were extended to December 2010. The Company continues to explore alternative sources for working capital (as set out in “Liquidity and Capital Resources,” page 11).

Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as “may,” “could,” “should,” “would,” “expect,” “intend,” “estimate,” “anticipate,” “outlook” or “believe,” and similar expressions often identify forward-looking information. By their nature, forward-looking statements require FSNA to make assumptions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. There is significant risk that predictions, forecasts, conclusions and projections will not prove to be accurate, that FSNA’s assumptions may not be correct and that actual results may differ materially from such predictions, forecasts, conclusions or projections. With respect to these forward-looking statements, we have made assumptions regarding, among other things, the impact of the North American economy and the cost of gasoline, how this can impact the car rental industry, the overall impact of the tourism industry and the strength and/or weakness that sector can experience, the financial uncertainty surrounding the U.S. car manufacturers and the availability of credit for our franchisees to acquire vehicles and ultimately for the Company to insure these vehicles, and the Company’s need for cash and liquidity as it relates to capital asset acquisitions being planned for and currently anticipated to be funded from operating cash flow and working capital. Some of the risks that could affect FSNA’s future results and could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements include the overall economy, the cost of gasoline and its effect on tourism, the ability of our franchisees to grow their fleets and successfully rent their vehicles, and other risks detailed from time-to-time in the publicly filed disclosure documents of FSNA. FSNA’s forward-looking statements are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement. In addition, the forward-looking statements are made only as of the date of this discussion.

Forward-looking information respecting:

- (i) Traditional trends for vehicle rental, sales, local markets and vehicle replacement are less likely to be followed in the near future based on the fact that the economy will likely be softer in 2010 than it was in 2008 and 2009 and the economy continues to be under recessionary pressures.

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- (ii) The availability and pricing of vehicles for acquisition and disposal by our franchisees could be impaired based upon the financial uncertainty surrounding the U.S. auto manufacturers. This could impact our franchisees' operations and ultimately the number of vehicles insured by the Company.
- (iii) The availability or limitation of credit facilities to acquire rental fleets by our franchisees could also impact the number of vehicles insured by the Company.
- (iv) The forecasted increase in rentals as new airport locations are opened vs. local markets and where the Company provides new airport franchisees with fleet liability coverage is based upon the nature of the car rental business whereby an airport location will open and operate with a larger fleet of rental vehicles as opposed to a local market rental location. The larger fleet affords for the higher number of vehicles to be rented and potentially insured through the Company's insurance programs. Each airport location the Company has added has historically insured more cars and rented more cars than a neighborhood store; thus, generating higher fee income per month.
- (v) The anticipated growth in rental revenue that will generate higher royalty payments as more distribution channels are made available and the efficiency of such channels provide more reservation opportunities is based upon the reservation channels the Company already has and continues to develop. Each new location that is added where the Company previously did not have a point of distribution affords the Company the opportunity to generate reservations for the new franchisee to this new point from the marketing efforts the Company already participates in. Each new reservation channel developed has the ability to deliver incremental business to the franchisees already operating.
- (vi) The possible impact on historical steady growth from continued economic downturn, impacting rental demand, rates and car availability is based upon the general economic outlook for the United States as the majority of the Company's operations take place within that country. It is also based upon the representations and statements made by other publicly held car rental companies in their filings and information that is readily available in industry trade publications.
- (vii) The meeting of cash requirements for capital asset acquisitions during fiscal year 2010 through operating cash flow and working capital is based upon the anticipation that the Company is not currently planning any type of significant acquisition requiring capital funding, and that the historical operations of the Company have supported the Company's cash flow requirements and annual need for capital expenditures. In addition, the Company has been in contact with commercial lenders regarding alternative sources of working capital.

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We caution that the foregoing list of important factors that may affect future results is not exhaustive. When relying on our forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to the Company, investors and others should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and potential events. We undertake to update any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time by us or on our behalf, at the time of a significant event relative specifically to the Company's business through the issuance of a press release, or as necessary in the following financial period's Management Discussion and Analysis. The Company does not undertake the responsibility of addressing changing factors in the car rental industry, or with general economic conditions, unless the event specifically impacts the Company, warranting the issuance of a press release.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to the Company is available on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com under Franchise Services of North America Inc. (TSXV: FSN).



www.fsna-inc.com